



APA STYLE PRINT FORMAT

Adapted from the Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association (5th ed.). Two copies of the manual are on reserve at the library's front desk.

APA Style requires citations to be double-spaced, with hanging indents.

1. Elements of a reference to a periodical

Bergstrom, D.A. (1993). In search of the typical eyewitness. *American Psychologist*, 48, 574-576.

Herman, L.M., Kline, S.A., & Holder, M.D. (1993). Role of supervisory experience in supervisor performance: A case study. *Journal of Applied Psychology*, 78, 443-449.

- Capitalize only the first word of the title and of the subtitle, if any, and any proper names.
- Invert all authors' names; give surnames and initials for all authors.
- Do not use "Vol" before the volume number.
- Italicize the name of the periodical and the volume number.
- Always finish the element with a period.

2. Elements of a reference to an entire book

Cone, J. D., & Foster, S.L. (1993). *People in organizations: An introduction to group behavior* (3rd ed.). New York: McGraw-Hill.

3. Elements of a reference to an article or chapter in an edited book model of perception.

Massaro, D. (1994). Broadening the domain of the fuzzy logical model of perception. In H.L. Pick & F.I. Craig (Eds.), *Cognition: Conceptual and methodological issues* (pp. 51-84). Washington, DC: Wiley.

4. Elements of a reference to an encyclopedia or dictionary

Sadie, S. (Ed.) (1989). *The new Grove dictionary of music and musicians* (7th ed., Vols. 1-20). London : Macmillan.

For major reference works with a large editorial board, you may list the name of the lead editor, followed by "et al."

5. Elements of a reference to an entry in an encyclopedia

Bergmann, P.G. (1994). Phobias. In *The new encyclopedia Britannica* (Vol. 26, pp. 501-508). Chicago: Encyclopedia Britannica.

In text citations: from Cornell University

http://www.library.cornell.edu/newhelp/res_strategy/citing/apa.html

--To cite works by a single author. The last name of the author and the year of publication are inserted in the text at the appropriate point.

Example:

In a recent study of reaction times (Walker, 2000)

--If the name of the author appears as part of the narrative, cite only the year of publication in parentheses.

Example:

Walker (2000) compared reaction times

--To cite works with multiple authors cite both names every time the reference occurs in the text. In parenthetical material join the names with an ampersand (&).

Example:

as has been shown (Joreskog & Sorbom, 1989)

--To cite works with multiple authors in the narrative text join the names with the word "and"

Example:

as Nightlinger and Littlewood (1993) demonstrated

--To cite works by Associations, Corporations, Government Agencies, etc., write out the name of the group each time it appears.

Example:

(National Institute of Mental Health [NIMH], 1999).